

# Answer Key

*of*

# Computer Science GATE-2015

**Forenoon Session**

**8th Feb, 2015**



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### Section - I (General Aptitude)

- Q.1** If ROAD is written as URDG, then SWAN should be written as:
- (a) VXDQ (b) VZDQ  
 (c) VZDP (d) UXDQ

**Ans. (b)**

• • • **End of Solution**

- Q.2** The Tamil version of \_\_\_\_\_ John Abraham-starrer *Madras Cafe* \_\_\_\_\_ cleared by the Censor Board with no cuts last week, but the film's distributors \_\_\_\_\_ no takers among the exhibitors for a release in Tamil Nadu \_\_\_\_\_ this Friday.
- (a) Mr., was, found, on (b) a, was, found, at  
 (c) the, was, found, on (d) a, being, find at

**Ans. (c)**

• • • **End of Solution**

- Q.3** Extreme focus on syllabus and studying for tests has become such a dominant concern of Indian students that they close their minds to anything \_\_\_\_\_ to the requirements of the exam.
- (a) related (b) extraneous  
 (c) outside (d) useful

**Ans. (b)**

• • • **End of Solution**

- Q.4** Select the pair that best expresses a relationship similar to that expressed in the pair:
- Children : Pediatrician
- (a) Adult : Orthopaedist (b) Females : Gynaecologist  
 (c) Kidney : Nephrologist (d) Skin : Dermatologist

**Ans. (b)**

• • • **End of Solution**

- Q.5** A function  $f(x)$  is linear and has a value of 29 at  $x = -2$  and 39 at  $x = 3$ . Find its value at  $x = 5$ .
- (a) 59 (b) 45  
 (c) 43 (d) 35

**Ans. (c)**

• • • **End of Solution**

- Q.6** Alexander turned his attention towards India, since he had conquered Persia. Which one of the statements below is logically valid and can be inferred from the above sentence?
- Alexander would not have turned his attention towards India had he not conquered Persia
  - Alexander was not ready to rest on his laurels, and wanted to march to India
  - Alexander was completely in control of his army and could command it to move towards India.
  - Since Alexander's kingdom extended to India borders after the conquest of Persia, he was keen to move further.

Ans. (d)

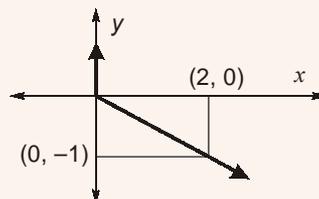
• • • End of Solution

- Q.7** The head of a newly formed government desires to appoint five of the six selected members P, Q, R, S and U to portfolios of Home, Power, Defence, Telecom, and Finance. U does not want any portfolio if S gets one of the five. R wants either Home or Finance or no portfolio. Q says that if S gets either Power or telecom, then she must get the other one. T insists on a portfolio if P gets one
- Which is the valid distribution of portfolios?
- P-Home, Q-Power, R-Defence, S-Telecom, T-Finance
  - R-Home, S-Power, P-Defence, Q-Telecom, T-Finance
  - P-Home, Q-Power, T-Defence, S-Telecom, U-Finance
  - Q-Home, U-Power, T-Defence, R-Telecom, P-Finance

Ans. (b)

• • • End of Solution

- Q.8** Choose the most appropriate equation for the function drawn as a thick line, in the plot below.



- $x = y - |y|$
- $x = -(y - |y|)$
- $x = y + |y|$
- $x = -(y + |y|)$

Ans. (b)

• • • End of Solution





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## Section - II (Computer Science & IT)

- Q.1** The maximum number of processes that can be in *Ready* state for a computer system with  $n$  CPUs is
- (a)  $n$  (b)  $n^2$   
 (c)  $2n$  (d) Independent of  $n$

Ans. (d)

• • • End of Solution

- Q.2** Let  $\#$  be a binary operator defined as  $X \# Y = X' + Y'$  where  $X$  and  $Y$  are Boolean variables. Consider the following two statements.
- S1:  $(P \# Q) \# R = P \# (Q \# R)$   
 S2:  $Q \# R = R \# Q$
- Which of the following is/are true for the Boolean variables  $P$ ,  $Q$  and  $R$ ?
- (a) Only S1 is True (b) Only S2 is True  
 (c) Both S1 and S2 are True (d) Neither S1 nor S2 are True

Ans. (b)

• • • End of Solution

- Q.3** Consider the following relation
- Cinema (*theater, address, capacity*)
- Which of the following options will be needed at the end of the SQL query
- ```
SELECT P1.address
FROM Cinema P1
```
- such that it always finds the addresses of theaters of theaters with maximum capacity?
- (a) WHERE  $P1.capacity \geq$  All (select  $P2.capacity$  from Cinema P2)  
 (b) WHERE  $P1.capacity \geq$  Any (select  $P2.capacity$  from Cinema P2)  
 (c) WHERE  $P1.capacity >$  All (select max ( $P2.capacity$ ) from Cinema P2)  
 (d) WHERE  $P1.capacity >$  Any (select max ( $P2.capacity$ ) from Cinema P2)

Ans. (a)

• • • End of Solution

- Q.4** Consider the equality  $\sum_{i=0}^n i^3 = X$  and the following choices for  $X$
- I.  $\Theta(n^4)$  II.  $\Theta(n^5)$   
 III.  $O(n^5)$  IV.  $\Omega(n^3)$
- The equality above remains correct if  $X$  is replace by

- (a) Only I (b) Only II  
 (c) I or III or IV but not II (d) II or III or IV but not I

Ans. (c)

• • • End of Solution

- Q.5** The number of 4 digit numbers having their digits in non-decreasing order (from left to right) constructed by using the digits belonging to the set {1, 2, 3} is \_\_\_\_.

Ans. (15)

• • • End of Solution

- Q.6** Consider a CSMA/CD network that transmits data at a rate of 100 Mbps ( $10^8$  bits per second) over a 1 km (kilometer) cable with no repeaters. If the minimum frame size required for this network is 1250 bytes, what is the signal speed (km/sec) in the cable?
- (a) 8000 (b) 10000  
 (c) 16000 (d) 20000

Ans. (d)

• • • End of Solution

- Q.7** Consider the following C program segment.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char s1[7] = "1234", *p;
    p = s1 + 2;
    *p = '0' ;
    printf ("%s", s1);
}
```

What will be printed by the program?

- (a) 12 (b) 120400  
 (c) 1204 (d) 1034

Ans. (c)

• • • End of Solution

- Q.8** In a web server, ten WebPages are stored with the URLs of the form `http://www.yourname.com/var.html`; where, *var* is a different number from 1 to 10 for each Webpage. Suppose, the client stores the Webpage with *var* = 1 (say W1) in local machine, edits and then tests. Rest of the WebPages remains on the web server. W1 contains several relative URLs of the form "*var.html*" referring to the other WebPages.



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Which one of the following statements needs to be added in W1, so that all the relative URLs in W1 refer to the appropriate WebPages on the web server?

- (a) <a.href: "http://www.yourname.com/", href: "...var.html">
- (b) <base href: "http://www.yourname.com/">
- (c) <a.href: "http://www.yourname.com/">
- (d) <base href: "http://www.yourname.com/", range: "...var.html">

Ans. (d)

● ● ● End of Solution

**Q.9** The value of  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1 + x^2)e^{-x}$  is

- (a) 0
- (b) 1/2
- (c) 1
- (d)  $\infty$

Ans. (c)

● ● ● End of Solution

**Q.10** Two processes X and Y need to access a critical section. Consider the following synchronization construct used by both the processes

**Process X**

```
/* other code for process X */
while (true)
{
    varP = true;
    while (varQ == true)
    {
        /* Critical Section */
        varP = false;
    }
}
/* other code for process X */
```

**Process Y**

```
/* other code for process Y */
while (true)
{
    varQ = true;
    while (varP == true)
    {
        /* Critical Section */
        varQ = false;
    }
}
/* other code for process Y */
```

Here, varP and varQ are shared variables and both are initialized to false. Which one of the following statements is true?

- (a) The proposed solution prevents deadlock but fails to guarantee mutual exclusion
- (b) The proposed solution guarantees mutual exclusion but fails to prevent deadlock
- (c) The proposed solution guarantees mutual exclusion and prevents deadlock
- (d) The proposed solution fails to prevent deadlock and fails to guarantee mutual exclusion

Ans. (d)

● ● ● End of Solution

**Q.11** Consider a software program that is artificially seeded with 100 faults. While testing this program, 159 faults are detected, out of which 75 faults are from those artificially seeded faults. Assuming that both real and seeded faults are of same nature and have same distribution, the estimated number of undetected real faults is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (175)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.12** The result evaluating the postfix expression  $10\ 5 + 60\ 6 / * 8 - 8$  is  
 (a) 284 (b) 213  
 (c) 142 (d) 71

**Ans. (c)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.13** While inserting the elements 71, 65, 84, 69, 67, 83 in an empty binary search tree (BST) in the sequence shown, the element in the lowest level is  
 (a) 65 (b) 67  
 (c) 69 (d) 83

**Ans. (b)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.14** Consider a machine with a byte addressable main memory of  $2^{20}$  bytes, block size of 16 bytes and a direct mapped cache having  $2^{12}$  cache lines. Let the addresses of two consecutive bytes in main memory be  $(E201F)_{16}$  and  $(E2020)_{16}$ . What are the tag and cache line address (in hex) for main memory address  $(E201F)_{16}$ ?  
 (a) E, 201 (b) F, 201  
 (c) E, E20 (d) 2, 01F

**Ans. (a)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.15** In the given matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , one of the eigenvalues is 1. the eigenvectors corresponding to the eigenvalue 1 are  
 (a)  $\{\alpha(4, 2, 1) \mid \alpha \neq 0, \alpha \in \mathbb{R}\}$  (b)  $\{\alpha(-4, 2, 1) \mid \alpha \neq 0, \alpha \in \mathbb{R}\}$   
 (c)  $\{\alpha(\sqrt{2}, 0, 1) \mid \alpha \neq 0, \alpha \in \mathbb{R}\}$  (d)  $\{\alpha(-\sqrt{2}, 0, 1) \mid \alpha \neq 0, \alpha \in \mathbb{R}\}$

**Ans. (b)**

• • • **End of Solution**

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**Q.16** Among simple LR (SLR), canonical LR, and look-ahead LR (LALR), which of the following pairs identify the method that is very easy to implement and the method that is the most powerful, in that order?

- (a) SLR, LALR (b) Canonical LR, LALR  
 (c) SLR, canonical LR (d) LALR, canonical LR

**Ans. (b)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.17** Given a hash table  $T$  with 25 slots that stores 2000 elements, the load factor  $\alpha$  for  $T$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (80)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.18** Let  $T$  be the language represented by the regular expression  $\Sigma^*0011\Sigma^*$  where  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ . What is the minimum number of states in a DFA that recognizes  $\bar{L}$  (complement of  $L$ )?

- (a) 4 (b) 5  
 (c) 6 (d) 8

**Ans. (b)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.19** Consider the following array of elements.

$\langle 89, 19, 50, 17, 12, 15, 2, 5, 7, 11, 6, 9, 100 \rangle$

The minimum number of interchanges needed to convert it into a max-heap is

- (a) 4 (b) 5  
 (c) 2 (d) 3

**Ans. (d)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.20** Consider the relation  $X(P, Q, R, S, T, U)$  with the following set of functional dependencies

$F = \{$   
 $\{P, R\} \rightarrow \{S, T\}$   
 $\{P, S, U\} \rightarrow \{Q, R\}$   
 $\}$

Which of the following is the trivial functional dependency in  $F^+$  is closure of  $F$ ?

- (a)  $\{P, R\} \rightarrow \{S, T\}$  (b)  $\{P, R\} \rightarrow \{R, T\}$   
 (c)  $\{P, S\} \rightarrow \{S\}$  (d)  $\{P, S, U\} \rightarrow \{Q\}$

**Ans. (c)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.21** Consider a software project with the following information domain characteristic for calculation of function point metric.

Number of external inputs (I) = 30

Number of external output (O) = 60

Number of external inquiries (E) = 23

Number of external interfaces (N) = 02

It is given that the complexity weighting factors for I, O, E, F and N are 4, 5, 4, 10 and 7, respectively. It is also given that, out of fourteen value adjustment factors that influence the development effort, four factors are not applicable, each of the other four factors have value 3, and each of the remaining factors have value 4. The computed value of function point metric is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (612.06)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.22** Consider the following statements.

I. TCP connections are full duplex.

II. TCP has no option for selective acknowledgment

III. TCP connections are message streams.

(a) Only I is correct

(b) Only I and II are correct

(c) Only II and III are correct

(d) All of I, II and III are correct

**Ans. (a)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.23** Suppose  $U$  is the power set of the set  $S = \{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ . For any  $T \in U$ , let  $|T|$  denote the number of elements in  $T$  and  $T'$  denote the complement of  $T$ . For any  $T, R \in U$ , let  $T \setminus R$  be the set of all elements in  $T$  which are not in  $R$ . Which one of the following is true?

(a)  $\forall X \in U (|X| = |X'|)$

(b)  $\exists X \in U \exists Y \in U (|X| = 5, |Y| = 5 \text{ and } X \cap Y = \emptyset)$

(c)  $\forall X \in U \forall Y \in U (|X| = 2, |Y| = 3 \text{ and } X \setminus Y = \emptyset)$

(d)  $\forall X \in U \forall Y \in U (X \setminus Y = Y' \setminus X')$

**Ans. (c)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.24** In a room there are only two types of people, namely Type 1 and Type 2. Type 1 people always tell the truth and Type 2 people always lie. You give a fair coin to a person in that room, without knowing which type he is from and tell him to toss it and hide the result from you till you ask for it. Upon asking, the person replies the following

“The result of the toss is head if and only if I am telling the truth.”

Which of the following options is correct?

- (a) The result is head
- (b) The result is tail
- (c) If the person is of Type 2, then the result is tail
- (d) If the person is of Type 1, then the result is tail

Ans. (a)

● ● ● End of Solution

**Q.25** Consider a binary tree  $T$  that has 200 leaf nodes. Then, the number of nodes in  $T$  that have exactly two children are \_\_\_\_\_.

Ans. (199)

● ● ● End of Solution

**Q.26** Consider the following C program.

```
# include < stdio.h>
int main( )
{
    static int a[ ] = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};
    static int *p[ ] = {a, a+3, a+4, a+1, a+2};
    int **ptr = p;
    printf {"%d%d", prt-p, **ptr};
}
```

The output of the program is \_\_\_\_\_.

Ans. (340)

● ● ● End of Solution

**Q.27** Assume that a mergesort algorithm in the worst case takes 30 seconds for an input of size 64. Which of the following most closely approximates the maximum input size of a problem that can be solved in 6 minutes?

- (a) 256
- (b) 512
- (c) 1024
- (d) 2048

Ans. (b)

● ● ● End of Solution

**Q.28** Consider a network connecting two systems located 8000 kilometers apart. The bandwidth of the network is  $500 \times 10^6$  bits per second. The propagation speed of the media is  $4 \times 10^6$  meters per second. It is needed to design a Go-Back-N sliding window protocol for this network. The average packet size is  $10^7$  bits. The network is to be used to its full capacity.

Assume that processing delays at nodes are negligible. Then, the minimum size in bits of the sequence number field has to be \_\_\_\_\_.

Ans. (8)

• • • End of Solution

**Q.29** Consider the following partial Schedule  $S$  involving two transactions  $T_1$  and  $T_2$ . Only the *read* and the *write* operations have been shown. The *read* operation on data item  $P$  is denoted by  $read(P)$  and the *write* operation on data item  $P$  is denoted by  $write(P)$ .

| Time | Transaction-id |               |
|------|----------------|---------------|
|      | $T_1$          | $T_2$         |
| 1    | $read(A)$      |               |
| 2    | $write(A)$     |               |
| 3    |                | $read(C)$     |
| 4    |                | $write(C)$    |
| 5    |                | $read(B)$     |
| 6    |                | $write(B)$    |
| 7    |                | $read(A)$     |
| 8    |                | <i>commit</i> |
| 9    | $read(B)$      |               |

Suppose that the transaction  $T_1$  fails immediately after time instance 9. Which one of the following statements is correct?

- (a)  $T_2$  must be aborted and then both  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  must be re-started to ensure transaction atomicity
- (b) Schedule  $S$  is non-recoverable and cannot ensure transaction atomicity
- (c) Only  $T_2$  must be aborted and then re-started to ensure transaction atomicity
- (d) Schedule  $S$  is recoverable and can ensure atomicity and nothing else needs to be done

Ans. (b)

• • • End of Solution

**Q.30** Consider the following two C code segments.  $Y$  and  $X$  are one and two dimensional arrays of size  $n$  and  $n \times n$  respectively, where  $2 \leq n \leq 10$ . Assume that in both code segments, elements of  $Y$  are initialized to 0 and each element  $X[i][j]$  of array  $X$  is initialized to  $i + j$ . Further assume that when stored in main memory all elements of  $X$  are in same main memory page frame.



**Q.33** If the following system has non-trivial solution,

$$px + qy + rz = 0$$

$$qx + ry + pz = 0$$

$$rx + py + qz = 0$$

then which one of the following options is True?

- (a)  $p - q + r = 0$  or  $p = q = -r$       (b)  $p + q - r = 0$  or  $p = -q = r$   
 (c)  $p + q + r = 0$  or  $p = q = r$       (d)  $p - q + r = 0$  or  $p = -q = -r$

**Ans. (c)**

● ● ● **End of Solution**

**Q.34** For the processes listed in the following table, which of the following scheduling schemes will give the lowest average turnaround time?

| Process | Arrival Time | Processing Time |
|---------|--------------|-----------------|
| A       | 0            | 3               |
| B       | 1            | 6               |
| C       | 4            | 4               |
| D       | 6            | 2               |

- (a) First Come First Serve  
 (b) Non-preemptive Shortest Job First  
 (c) Shortest Remaining Time  
 (d) Round Robin with Quantum value two

**Ans. (c)**

● ● ● **End of Solution**

**Q.35** Consider the equation  $(43)_x = (y3)_8$  where  $x$  and  $y$  are unknown. The number of possible solutions is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (5)**

● ● ● **End of Solution**

**Q.36** Two hosts are connected via a packet switch with  $10^7$  bits per second links. Each link has a propagation delay of 20 microseconds. The switch begins forwarding a packet 35 microseconds after it receives the same. If 10000 bits of data are to be transmitted between the two hosts using a packet size of 5000 bits, the time elapsed between the transmission of the first bit of data and the reception of the last bit of the data in microseconds is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (1575)**

● ● ● **End of Solution**

**Q.37** Suppose  $X_i$  for  $i = 1, 2, 3$  are independent and identically distributed random variables whose probability mass functions are  $Pr[X_i = 1] = Pr[X_i = 0] = 1/2$  for  $i = 1, 2, 3$ . Define another random variable  $Y = X_1X_2 \oplus X_3$ , where  $\oplus$  denotes XOR. Then  $Pr[Y = 0 | X_3 = 0] =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (0.75)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.38** In the network 200.10.11.144/27, the fourth octet (in decimal) of the last IP address of the network which can be assigned to a host is \_\_\_\_\_

**Ans. (158)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.39** Consider the following recursive C function.

```
void get (int n)
{
    if (n < 1) return;
    get (n-1);
    get (n-3);
    printf ("%d", n);
}
```

If get(6) function is being called in main() then how many times will the get() function be invoked before returning to the main()?

- (a) 15 (b) 25  
(c) 35 (d) 45

**Ans. (b)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.40** Let  $G$  be connected undirected graph of 100 vertices and 300 edges. The weight of a minimum spanning tree of  $G$  is 500. When the weight of each edge of  $G$  is increased by five, the weight of a minimum spanning tree becomes \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (995)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.41** Let  $R$  be a relation on the set of ordered pairs of positive integers such that  $((p, q), (r, s)) \in R$  if and only if  $p-s = q-r$ . Which one of the following is true about  $R$ ?

- (a) Both reflexive and symmetric (b) Reflexive but not symmetric  
(c) Not reflexive but symmetric (d) Neither reflexive nor symmetric

**Ans. (c)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.42** Let  $f(n) = n$  and  $g(n) = n^{(1+\sin n)}$ , where  $n$  is a positive integer. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

I.  $f(n) = O(g(n))$

II.  $f(n) = \Omega(g(n))$

(a) Only I

(b) Only II

(c) Both I and II

(d) Neither I nor II

**Ans. (d)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.43** The total number of prime implicants of the function  $f(w, x, y, z) = \Sigma(0, 2, 4, 5, 6, 10)$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (3)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.44** Given the function  $F = P' + QR$ , where  $F$  is a function in three Boolean variables  $P$ ,  $Q$  and  $R$  and  $P' = !P$ , consider the following statements.

S1:  $F = \Sigma(4, 5, 6)$

S2:  $F = \Sigma(0, 1, 2, 3, 7)$

S3:  $F = \Pi(4, 5, 6)$

S4:  $F = \Pi(0, 1, 2, 3, 7)$

Which of the following is true?

(a) S1-False, S2-True, S3-True, S4-False

(b) S1-True, S2-False, S3-False, S4-True

(c) S1-False, S2-False, S3-True, S4-True

(d) S1-True, S2-True, S3-False, S4-False

**Ans. (a)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.45** If for non-zero  $x$ ,  $af(x) + bf\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{1}{x} - 25$  where  $a \neq b$  then  $\int_1^2 f(x) dx$  is

(a)  $\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} \left[ a(\ln 2 - 25) + \frac{47b}{2} \right]$

(b)  $\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} \left[ a(2 \ln 2 - 25) - \frac{47b}{2} \right]$

(c)  $\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} \left[ a(2 \ln 2 - 25) + \frac{47b}{2} \right]$

(d)  $\frac{1}{a^2 - b^2} \left[ a(\ln 2 - 25) - \frac{47b}{2} \right]$

**Ans. (a)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.46** Consider B<sup>+</sup> tree in which the search key is 12 bytes long, block size is 1024 bytes, record pointer is 10 bytes long and block pointer is 8 bytes long. The maximum number of keys that can be accommodated in each non-leaf node of the tree is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (50)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.47** Consider the following code sequence having five instructions  $I_1$  to  $I_5$ . Each of these instructions has the following format.

OP Ri, Rj, Rk

where operation OP is performed on contents of registers Rj and Rk and the result is stored in register Ri.

$I_1$  : ADD R1, R2, R3

$I_2$  : MUL R7, R1, R3

$I_3$  : SUB R4, R1, R5

$I_4$  : ADD R3, R2, R4

$I_5$  : MUL R7, R8, R9

Consider the following three statements:

S1: There is an anti-dependence between instructions  $I_2$  and  $I_5$ .

S2: There is an anti-dependence between instructions  $I_2$  and  $I_4$ .

S3: Within an instruction pipeline an anti-dependence always creates one or more stalls.

Which one of above statements is/are correct?

(a) Only S1 is true

(b) Only S2 is true

(c) Only S1 and S2 are true

(d) Only S2 and S3 are true

**Ans. (d)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.48** Consider the following C program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main( )
{
    int i, j, k = 0;
    j = 2 * 3 / 4 + 2.0 / 5 + 8 / 5;
    k -= -j;
    for(i = 0; i < 5; i++)
    {
        switch(i + k)
        {
            case 1:
            case 2: printf("\n%d", i + k);
        }
    }
}
```

```

        case 3: printf("\n%d", i + k);
        default: printf("\n%d", i + k);
    }
}
return 0;
}

```

The number of times printf statement is executed is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (10)**

● ● ● **End of Solution**

**Q.49** Suppose  $c = \langle c[0], \dots, c[k-1] \rangle$  is an array of length  $k$ , where all the entries are from the set  $\{0, 1\}$ . For any positive integers  $a$  and  $n$ , consider the following pseudocode.

```

DOSOMETHING ( $c, a, n$ )
 $z \leftarrow 1$ 
for  $i \leftarrow 0$  to  $k - 1$ 
    do  $z \leftarrow z^2 \bmod n$ 
    if  $c[i] = 1$ 
        then  $z \leftarrow (z \times a) \bmod n$ 
return  $z$ 

```

If  $k = 4$ ,  $c = \langle 1, 0, 1, 1 \rangle$ ,  $a = 2$  and  $n = 8$ , then the output of DOSOMETHING ( $c, a, n$ ) is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (0)**

● ● ● **End of Solution**

**Q.50** The velocity  $v$  (in kilometer/minute) of a motorbike which starts from rest, is given at fixed intervals of time  $t$  (in minutes) as follows:

|     |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| $t$ | 2  | 4  | 6  | 8  | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $v$ | 10 | 18 | 25 | 29 | 32 | 20 | 11 | 5  | 2  | 0  |

The approximate distance (in kilometers) rounded to two places of decimals covered in 20 minutes using Simpson's  $1/3^{\text{rd}}$  rule is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (309.33)**

● ● ● **End of Solution**

- Q.51** Consider the following reservation table for a pipeline having three stages  $S_1$ ,  $S_2$  and  $S_3$ .

|       | Time → |   |   |   |   |
|-------|--------|---|---|---|---|
|       | 1      | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| $S_1$ | X      |   |   |   | X |
| $S_2$ |        | X |   | X |   |
| $S_3$ |        |   | X |   |   |

The minimum average latency (MAL) is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (\*)**

• • • **End of Solution**

- Q.52** Consider the following policies for preventing deadlock in a system with mutually exclusive resources.

- I. Processes should acquire all their resources at the beginning of execution. If any resource is not available, all resources acquired so far are released.
- II. The resources are numbered uniquely, and processes are allowed to request for resources only in increasing resource numbers.
- III. The resources are numbered uniquely, and processes are allowed to request for resources only in decreasing resource numbers.
- IV. The resources are numbered uniquely. A process is allowed to request only for a resource with resource number larger than its currently held resources.

Which of the above policies can be used for preventing deadlock?

- (a) Any one of I and III but not II or IV
- (b) Any one of I, III and IV but not II
- (c) Any one of II and III but not I or IV
- (d) Any one of I, II, III and IV

**Ans. (d)**

• • • **End of Solution**

- Q.53** Language  $L_1$  is polynomial time reducible to language  $L_2$ . Language  $L_3$  is polynomial time reducible to  $L_2$ , which in turn is polynomial time reducible to language  $L_4$ .

Which of the following is/are True?

- I. If  $L_4 \in P$ ,  $L_2 \in P$
- II. If  $L_1 \in P$  or  $L_3 \in P$ , then  $L_2 \in P$
- III.  $L_1 \in P$ , if and only if  $L_3 \in P$
- IV. If  $L_4 \in P$ , then  $L_1 \in P$  and  $L_3 \in P$

- (a) II only
- (b) III only
- (c) I and IV only
- (d) I only

**Ans. (c)**

• • • **End of Solution**

**Q.54** Consider the following C program.

```
# include <stdio.h>
int f1(void);
int f2(void);
int f3(void);
int x = 10;
int main()
{
    int x = 1;
    x +=f1() + f2() + f3() + f2();
    printf("%d", x);
    return 0;
}
int f1() { int x = 25; x++; return x; }
int f2() { static int x = 50; x++; return x; }
int f3() { x *= 10; x++; return x; }
```

The output of the program is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ans. (230)**

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• • • **End of Solution**

